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**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 333-188920

SCOUTCAM INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada

(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

847-4257143

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**Suite 7A, Industrial Park
P.O. Box 3030, Omer, Israel**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

8496500

(Zip Code)

+972 73 370-4691

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of exchange on which registered
N/A	N/A	N/A

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of November 10, 2020, the registrant had 34,732,861 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001, of the registrant issued and outstanding.

As used in this Quarterly Report and unless otherwise indicated, the terms "ScoutCam," "we," "us," "our," or "our Company" refer to ScoutCam Inc. Unless otherwise specified, all dollar amounts are expressed in United States dollars.

SCOUTCAM INC.

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

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CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including in Item 2, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and elsewhere herein may address or relate to future events and expectations and as such constitutes “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Statements which are not historical reflect our current expectations and projections about our future results, performance, liquidity, financial condition, prospects and opportunities and are based upon information currently available to us and our management and their interpretation of what is believed to be significant factors affecting our business, including many assumptions regarding future events.

Forward-looking statements, which involve assumptions and describe our future plans, strategies, and expectations, are generally identifiable by use of the words “may,” “should,” “would,” “could,” “scheduled,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “believe,” “intend,” “seek,” or “project” or the negative of these words or other variations on these words or comparable terminology. Actual results, performance, liquidity, financial condition and results of operations, prospects and opportunities could differ materially and perhaps substantially from those expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements as a result of various risks, uncertainties and other factors. These statements may be found under the section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 (filed on March 16, 2020) entitled “Risk Factors” as well as in our other public filings.

In light of these risks and uncertainties, and especially given the start-up nature of our business, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements contained herein will in fact occur. Readers should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Except as expressly required by the federal securities laws, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, changed circumstances or any other reason.

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SCOUTCAM INC.
INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

SCOUTCAM INC.

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SCOUTCAM INC.**INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
	Unaudited	Audited
	USD in thousands	
Assets		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	3,150	3,245
Accounts receivables	-	22
Inventory	1,483	900
Parent company	30	73
Other current assets	277	78
	<u>4,940</u>	<u>4,318</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:		
Property and equipment, net	257	59
Operating lease right-of-use assets	112	53
Severance pay asset	327	327
	<u>696</u>	<u>439</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>5,636</u></u>	<u><u>4,757</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SCOUTCAM INC.**INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)**

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
	Unaudited	Audited
	USD in thousands	
Liabilities and shareholders' equity		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payables	181	35
Loan from Parent company	-	500
Contract liabilities	1,201	502
Operating lease liabilities - short term	56	24
Accrued compensation expenses	375	297
Other accrued expenses	158	552
	<u>1,971</u>	<u>1,910</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Operating lease liabilities - long term	56	29
Liability for severance pay	297	296
	<u>353</u>	<u>325</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>2,324</u>	<u>2,235</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Ordinary shares Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 75,000,000 shares authorized, 33,764,128 and 26,884,921 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively	34	27
Additional paid-in capital	8,328	4,135
Accumulated deficit	(5,050)	(1,640)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>3,312</u>	<u>2,522</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>5,636</u>	<u>4,757</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SCOUTCAM INC.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

	Nine months ended September 30,		Three months ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Unaudited			
	USD in thousands (except per share data)			
Revenues:				
Products	86	187	12	43
Services	-	85	-	85
	<u>86</u>	<u>272</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>128</u>
Cost of revenues:				
Products	434	355	153	51
Services	-	85	-	85
	<u>434</u>	<u>440</u>	<u>153</u>	<u>136</u>
Gross Loss	(348)	(168)	(141)	(8)
Research and development expenses	514	216	144	75
Sales and marketing expenses	302	130	114	47
General and administrative expenses	2,309	541	629	227
Operating loss	<u>(3,473)</u>	<u>(1,055)</u>	<u>(1,028)</u>	<u>(357)</u>
Financing income (expenses), net	63	(16)	1	(8)
Loss before taxes on income	<u>(3,410)</u>	<u>(1,071)</u>	<u>(1,027)</u>	<u>(365)</u>
Taxes on income	-	(2)	-	(1)
Net Loss	<u>(3,410)</u>	<u>(1,073)</u>	<u>(1,027)</u>	<u>(366)</u>
Net loss per ordinary share (basic and diluted, USD)	(0.11)	(0.07)	(0.03)	(0.02)
Weighted average ordinary shares (basic and diluted, in thousands)	30,728	16,131	33,764	16,131

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SCOUTCAM INC.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020

	Ordinary shares		Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Shareholders' equity
	Number	Amount			
	in thousands		USD in thousands		
Balance at January 1, 2020	26,885	\$ 27	4,135	(1,640)	2,522
Issuance of shares and warrants	6,092	\$ 6	2,852	-	2,858
Stock based compensation	-	-	961	-	961
Conversion of a loan from Parent company	787	\$ 1	380	-	381
Net loss	-	-	-	(3,410)	(3,410)
Balance at September 30, 2020	<u>33,764</u>	<u>\$ 34</u>	<u>8,328</u>	<u>(5,050)</u>	<u>3,312</u>

Three Months Ended September 30, 2020

	Ordinary shares		Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Number	Amount			
	in thousands		USD in thousands		
Balance at July 1, 2020	33,764	\$ 34	8,238	(4,023)	4,249
Stock based compensation	-	-	90	-	90
Net loss	-	-	-	(1,027)	(1,027)
Balance at September 30, 2020	<u>33,764</u>	<u>\$ 34</u>	<u>8,328</u>	<u>(5,050)</u>	<u>3,312</u>

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SCOUTCAM INC.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Ordinary shares</u>		<u>Additional paid-in capital</u>	<u>Parent company deficit</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Total Shareholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
	<u>in thousands</u>		<u>USD in thousands</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2019	-	-	-	(118)	-	(118)
Net transfer from Parent company	-	-	-	514	-	514
Net loss	-	-	-	(189)	(884)	(1,073)
Consummation of the Carve-out	-	-	207	(207)	-	-
Share based compensation	-	-	25	-	-	25
Issuance of shares	16,131	16	(16)	-	-	-
Sale of assets to Parent company	-	-	168	-	-	168
Capital contribution from Parent company	-	-	720	-	-	720
Balance at September 30, 2019	<u>16,131</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>1,104</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(884)</u>	<u>236</u>

Three Months Ended September 30, 2019

	<u>Ordinary shares</u>		<u>Additional paid-in capital</u>	<u>Parent company deficit</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Total Shareholders' Equity</u>
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>				
	<u>in thousands</u>		<u>USD in thousands</u>			
Balance at July 1, 2019	16,131	16	1,104	-	(518)	602
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(366)	(366)
Balance at September 30, 2019	<u>16,131</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>1,104</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(884)</u>	<u>236</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

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SCOUTCAM INC.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine months ended September 30,		Three months ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Unaudited				
USD in thousands				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net loss	(3,410)	(1,073)	(1,027)	(366)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operations:				
Depreciation	51	3	24	2
Other non-cash items	1	63	(13)	28
Share based compensation	927	-	90	-
Profit from exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents	(87)	-	(3)	-
CHANGES IN OPERATING ASSET AND LIABILITY ITEMS:				
Accounts receivable	22	27	26	(46)
Inventory	(546)	(628)	(244)	(319)
Parent company	2	54	113	156
Other current assets	(199)	(38)	55	49
Accounts payables	146	40	13	(47)
Contract liabilities	699	72	529	67
Accrued compensation expenses	78	135	42	47
Other accrued expenses	(394)	65	(38)	48
Net cash flows used in operating activities	<u>(2,710)</u>	<u>(1,280)</u>	<u>(433)</u>	<u>(381)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Change in severance pay asset	-	(28)	-	(28)
Purchase of property and equipment	(249)	(18)	(28)	(18)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	<u>(249)</u>	<u>(46)</u>	<u>(28)</u>	<u>(46)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfer from Parent company	-	514	-	-
Sale of assets to Parent company	-	168	-	168
Capital contribution from Parent company	-	720	-	253
Proceeds from issuance of shares and warrants	2,858	-	-	-
Repayment of loan from Parent company	(81)	-	-	-
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	<u>2,777</u>	<u>1,402</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>421</u>
PROFIT FROM EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
	87	-	3	-
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
	(95)	76	(458)	(6)
BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD				
	<u>3,245</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,608</u>	<u>82</u>

BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	3,150	76	3,150	76
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Non cash activities -

	Nine months ended September 30,		Three months ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Unaudited			
	USD in thousands			
Parent Company loan settled against Parent Company receivable	41	-	-	-
Conversion of a loan from Parent company	381	-	-	-

SCOUTCAM INC.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – GENERAL:

- a. ScoutCam Inc. (the “Company”), formally known as Intellisense Solutions Inc. (“Intellisense”), was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on March 22, 2013 under the name Intellisense Solutions Inc. The Company was initially engaged in the business of developing web portals to allow companies and individuals to engage in the purchase and sale of vegetarian food products over the Internet. The Company was unable to execute its original business plan, develop significant operations or achieve commercial sales. Prior to the closing of the Securities Exchange Agreement (as defined below), the Company was a “shell company”.

ScoutCam Ltd. (the “Subsidiary”, “ScoutCam”), was formed in the State of Israel on January 3, 2019 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Medigus Ltd. (the “Parent Company”, “Medigus”), an Israeli company traded both on the Nasdaq Capital Market and the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange, and commenced operations on March 1, 2019. Upon incorporation, the Subsidiary issued to Medigus 1,000,000 Ordinary shares with no par value. On March 2019, the Subsidiary issued to Medigus an additional 1,000,000 Ordinary shares with no par value.

The Subsidiary was incorporated as part of a reorganization of Medigus, which was designed to distinguish the Subsidiary miniaturized imaging business, or the micro ScoutCam™ portfolio, from Medigus’s other operations and to enable Medigus to form a separate business unit with dedicated resources focused on the promotion of such technology. In December 2019, Medigus and the Subsidiary consummated a certain Amended and Restated Asset Transfer Agreement, under which Medigus transferred and assigned certain assets and intellectual property rights related to its miniaturized imaging business to the Subsidiary.

On September 16, 2019, Intellisense entered into a Securities Exchange Agreement (the “Exchange Agreement”), with Medigus, pursuant to which Medigus assigned, transferred and delivered 100% of its holdings in the Subsidiary to Intellisense, in exchange for consideration consisting of shares of Intellisense’s common stock representing 60% of the issued and outstanding share capital of Intellisense immediately upon the closing of the Exchange Agreement (the “Closing”). In addition, the Exchange Agreement provides that if ScoutCam achieves an aggregated amount of USD 33 million in sales within the first three years immediately after the Closing, the Company will issue to Medigus 2,688,492 additional shares of Company’s common stock. The Closing occurred on December 30, 2019 (the “Closing Date”). On December 31, 2019, Intellisense changed its name to ScoutCam Inc.

Although the transaction resulted in the Subsidiary becoming a wholly owned subsidiary of Intellisense, the transaction constituted a reverse recapitalization since Medigus, the only shareholder of the Subsidiary prior to the Exchange Agreement, was issued a majority of the outstanding capital stock of Intellisense upon consummation of the Exchange Agreement, and also taking into account that prior to the Closing Date, Intellisense was considered as a shell corporation. Accordingly, the Subsidiary is considered the accounting acquirer of the merged company.

The Subsidiary has developed a range of micro CMOS (complementary metal-oxide semiconductor) and CCD (charge-coupled device) video cameras, including micro ScoutCam™ 1.2. These innovative cameras are suitable for both medical and industrial applications. Based on its proprietary technology, the Subsidiary designs and manufactures endoscopy and micro camera systems for partner companies.

SCOUTCAM INC.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – GENERAL (continued):

- b. The accompanying comparative consolidated financial statements include the historical accounts of the Subsidiary as a “Carve-out Business”, a division of Medigus. Throughout the comparative periods included in these Financial Statements, the Carve-out Business operated as part of Medigus. Separate financial statements have not historically been prepared for the Carve-out Business. This comparative carve-out financial data has been prepared on a standalone basis and is derived from Medigus’s consolidated financial statements and accounting records. The carve-out comparative financial data reflects the Subsidiary’s financial position, results of operations, changes in net parent deficit and cash flows in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The financial position, results of operations, changes in net parent deficit, and cash flows of the Carve-out Business may not be indicative of its results had it been a separate stand-alone entity during the comparative periods presented.

The comparative carve-out financial data of the Company includes expenses which were allocated from Medigus for certain functions, including general corporate expenses related to corporate strategy, procurement, Information Technology (“IT”), Human Resources (“HR”) and legal. These allocations have been made on the basis of direct usage when identifiable, with the remainder allocated on the basis of headcount. Management believes the expense allocation methodology and results are reasonable and consistently applied for all comparative periods presented. However, these allocations may not be indicative of the actual expenses that would have been incurred by an independent company or of the costs to be incurred in the future.

The carve-out comparative financial statements include assets and liabilities specifically attributable to the Carve-out Business. Medigus uses a centralized approach for managing cash and financing operations. Accordingly, a substantial portion of the cash balances are transferred to Medigus’ cash management accounts regularly and therefore are not included in the financial statements. Transfers of cash between Carve-out business and Medigus are included within “Net transfers from Parent company” on the Statements of Cash Flows and the Statements of changes in shareholders’ equity (capital deficiency).

As the carve-out comparative financial information has been prepared on a carve-out basis, the amounts reflected in Parent Company deficit in the comparative statement of changes in shareholders’ equity (capital deficiency) refer to net loss for the period attributed to the Subsidiary in addition to transactions between Medigus and the Subsidiary.

- c. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company incurred a loss of USD 3,410 thousand and negative cash flows from operating activities of approximately USD 2,710 thousand. Based on the projected cash flows, the Company’s Management is of the opinion that without further fundraising it will not have sufficient resources to enable it to continue its operating activities including the development, manufacturing and marketing of its products within one year after the issuance date of these financial statements. As a result, there is a substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the issuance date of these financial statements.

Management’s plans include continuing commercialization of the Company’s products and securing sufficient financing through the sale of additional equity securities, debt or capital inflows from strategic partnerships and other opportunities. There are no assurances however, that the Company will be successful in obtaining the level of financing needed for its operations. If the Company is unsuccessful in commercializing its products and securing sufficient financing, it may need to reduce activities, curtail or even cease operations.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, which assumes the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets and the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently.

- d. The COVID-19 pandemic has had a significant impact on global markets and the global economy, including countries in

which the Company operates. As the extent of the impact on the global economy remains unclear, the Company anticipates that it will have a continuing impact on global economies in the near and long-term future. In light of the below mentioned factors, the COVID-19 pandemic had and most likely will continue to have a material effect on the Company's operations, and the extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic will impact the Company's operations will depend on future developments. In particular, the continued spread of COVID-19 globally had and most likely will continue to have material adverse impact on the Company's operations and workforce, including its manufacturing activities, product sales, as well as its ability to continue to raise capital. Travel restrictions had and most likely will continue to have a material adverse impact on our sales and marketing and research and development efforts.

SCOUTCAM INC.**NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES****A. Unaudited Interim Financial Statements**

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments except as otherwise discussed). For further information, reference is made to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.

B. Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

C. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The Company evaluates on an ongoing basis its assumptions, including those related to contingencies, deferred taxes, inventory impairment, stock based compensation, as well as in estimates used in applying the revenue recognition policy. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

D. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements are identical to those applied in the preparation of the latest annual financial statements.

E. Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncement

The significant accounting policies followed in the preparation of these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements are identical to those applied in the preparation of the latest annual audited financial statements with the exception of the following:

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13 “Financial Instruments – Credit Losses” to improve information on credit losses for financial assets and net investment in leases that are not accounted for at fair value through net income. The ASU replaces the current incurred loss impairment methodology with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses. The Company adopted this ASU on January 1, 2020. There was not a material impact on the interim consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-13, “Changes to Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurements,” which will improve the effectiveness of disclosure requirements for recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. The standard removes, modifies, and adds certain disclosure requirements and is effective for the Company beginning on January 1, 2020. This standard did not have a material effect on the Company’s interim consolidated financial statements.

In November 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-18 – “Collaborative Arrangements (Topic 808),” which clarifies the interaction between Topic 808 and Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The Company adopted this standard in the first quarter of fiscal year 2020. This standard did not have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

F. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-12, “Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes (“ASU 2019-12”), which is intended to simplify various aspects related to accounting for income taxes. ASU 2019-12 removes certain exceptions to the general principles in Topic 740 and also clarifies and amends existing guidance to improve consistent application. This guidance is effective for the Company beginning on January 1, 2021, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this standard will have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

SCOUTCAM INC.**NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****NOTE 3 – LEASES:**

On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2016-02 using the modified retrospective approach for all lease arrangements at the beginning period of adoption. The Subsidiary leases office and vehicles under operating leases. On September 30, 2020, the Company's ROU assets and lease liabilities for operating leases totaled \$112 thousand.

In January 2020, the Subsidiary entered into a lease agreement for office space in Omer, Israel. The agreement is for 11 months beginning on February 1, 2020. Monthly lease payments under the agreement are approximately \$6 thousand. Lease expenses recorded in the interim consolidated statements of operations were \$53 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The Company has elected the short-term lease exception for this lease. As part of this election it will not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for this lease.

Supplemental cash flow information related to operating leases was as follows:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2020
	USD in thousands
Cash payments for operating leases	36
Cash payments for short-term lease	53
Total lease expenses	<u>89</u>

As of September 30, 2020, the Company's operating leases had a weighted average remaining lease term of 2.1 years and a weighted average discount rate of 10%. Future lease payments under operating leases as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Operating leases
	USD in thousands
Remainder of 2020	15
2021	59
2022	52
Total future lease payments	<u>126</u>
Less imputed interest	(14)
Total lease liability balance	<u>112</u>

SCOUTCAM INC.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 – EQUITY:**Private placement:**

- a. In December 2019, the Company allotted in a private issuance, a total of 3,413,312 units at a purchase price of USD \$0.968 per unit. Each unit was comprised of two shares of common stock par value US\$0.001 per share, one Warrant A (defined below) and two Warrants B (defined below). The immediate proceeds (gross) from the issuance of the units amounted to approximately USD 3.3 million.

Each Warrant A is exercisable into one share of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of USD 0.595 per share during the 12 month period following the allotment. Each Warrant B is exercisable into one share of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of USD 0.893 per share during the 18 month period following the allotment.

In addition, Shrem Zilberman Group Ltd. (the “Consultant”) will be entitled to receive the amount representing 3% of any exercise price of each Warrant A or Warrant B that may be exercised in the future. In the event the total proceeds received as a result of exercise of Warrants will be less than \$2 million at the time of their expiration, the Consultant will be required to invest \$250,000 in the Company in return for shares of common stock of Company.

- b. On March 3, 2020, the Company allotted in a private issuance a total of 979,754 units at a purchase price of USD \$0.968 per unit.

Each unit was comprised of two shares of common stock par value US\$0.001 per share, one Warrant A (defined below) and two Warrants B (defined below).

Each Warrant A is exercisable into one share of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of USD 0.595 per share during the 12 month period following the allotment.

Each Warrant B is exercisable into one share of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of USD 0.893 per share during the 18 month period following the allotment.

The immediate proceeds (gross) from the issuance of all securities offered amounted to approximately USD 948 thousands. After deducting closing costs and fees, the Company received proceeds of approximately USD 909 thousand, net of issuance expenses.

- c. On May 18, 2020, the Company allotted in a private issuance a total of 2,066,116 units at a purchase price of USD \$0.968 per unit.

Each unit was comprised of two shares of common stock par value US\$0.001 per share, one Warrant A (defined below) and two Warrants B (defined below).

Each Warrant A is exercisable into one share of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of USD 0.595 per share during the 18 month period following the allotment.

Each Warrant B is exercisable into one share of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of USD 0.893 per share during the 24 month period following the allotment.

The immediate proceeds (gross) from the issuance of all securities offered amounted to approximately USD 2 million. After deducting closing costs and fees, the Company received proceeds of approximately USD 1.9 million, net of issuance expenses.

- d. On June 23, 2020, (the “Conversion Date”) the Company entered into and consummated a Side Letter Agreement with Medigus, whereby the parties agreed to convert, at a conversion price of \$0.484, an outstanding line of credit previously extended by Medigus to the Subsidiary, which as of the Conversion Date was \$381,136, into (a) 787,471 shares of the

Company's common stock, (b) warrants to purchase 393,736 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.595 (Warrant A), and (c) warrants to purchase 787,471 shares of common stock with an exercise price of \$0.893 (Warrant B).

Each Warrant A is exercisable into one share of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of USD 0.595 per share during the 12 months period following the allotment.

Each Warrant B is exercisable into one share of common stock of the Company at an exercise price of USD 0.893 per share during the 18 months period following the allotment.

As of September 30, 2020, the Company had the following outstanding warrants to purchase Common Stock:

Warrant	Issuance Date	Expiration Date	Exercise Price Per Share (\$)	Number of Shares of Common Stock Underlying Warrants
Warrant A	December 30, 2019	December 30, 2020	0.595	3,413,317
Warrant B	December 30, 2019	June 30, 2021	0.893	6,826,623
Warrant A	March 3, 2020	March 3, 2021	0.595	979,754
Warrant B	March 3, 2020	September 3, 2021	0.893	1,959,504
Warrant A	May 18, 2020	November 18, 2021	0.595	2,066,116
Warrant B	May 18, 2020	May 18, 2022	0.893	4,132,232
Warrant A	June 23, 2020	June 23, 2021	0.595	393,736
Warrant B	June 23, 2020	December 23, 2021	0.893	787,471
				20,558,753

SCOUTCAM INC.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 – EQUITY (continued):**Share-based compensation to employees and to directors:**

In February 2020, the Company's Board of Directors approved the 2020 Share Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan initially included a pool of 5,228,007 shares of common stock for grant to Company employees, consultants, directors, and other service providers. On March 15, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors approved an increase to the Company's option pool pursuant to the Plan by an additional 576,888 shares of Common Stock. On June 22, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors approved an increase to the Company's option pool pursuant to the Plan by an additional 3,617,545 shares of Common Stock.

The Plan is designed to enable the Company to grant options to purchase ordinary shares and RSUs under various and different tax regimes including, without limitation: (i) pursuant and subject to Section 102 of the Israeli Tax Ordinance or any provision which may amend or replace it and any regulations, rules, orders or procedures promulgated thereunder and to designate them as either grants made through a trustee or not through a trustee; and (ii) pursuant and subject to Section 3(i) of the Israeli Tax Ordinance.

On February 12, 2020, the Company granted 4,367,515 options pursuant to the Plan. Each option is convertible into one share of common stock of the Company of \$0.001 par value at the exercise price of \$0.29.

On March 15, 2020, the Company granted 576,888 options pursuant to the Plan to each of the Company's then serving directors, excluding Professor Benad Goldwasser. Each option is convertible into one share of common stock of the Company of \$0.001 par value at the exercise price of \$0.29.

On June 22, 2020, the Company granted 1,544,769 options pursuant to the Plan to Company employees, consultants, directors. Each option is convertible into one share of common stock of the Company of \$0.001 par value at the exercise price of \$0.29.

The fair value of each option was estimated as of the grant date or reporting period using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, using the following assumptions:

	<u>Nine months ended September 30, 2020</u>
Underlying value of ordinary shares (\$)	0.475
Exercise price (\$)	0.29
Expected volatility (%)	43.91
Term of the options (years)	7
Risk-free interest rate (%)	1.25

The cost of the benefit embodied in the options granted during the nine months ended September 30, 2020, based on their fair value as at the grant date, is estimated to be approximately \$1.7 million. These amounts will be recognized in statements of operations over the vesting period.

SCOUTCAM INC.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 4 – EQUITY (continued):

The following table summarizes stock option activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2020:

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2020	
	Amount of options	Weighted average exercise price
		\$
Outstanding at beginning of period	-	-
Granted	6,489,172	0.29
Outstanding at end of period	<u>6,489,172</u>	<u>0.29</u>
Vested at end of period	<u>1,361,459</u>	<u>0.29</u>

The following table sets forth the total share-based payment expenses resulting from options granted, included in the statements of operation:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2020
	USD in thousands
Research and development	125
General and administrative	802
Total expenses	<u>927</u>

SCOUTCAM INC.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 – REVENUES:**Contract liabilities:**

The Company's contract liabilities as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 were as follows:

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
	USD in thousands	
Contract liabilities	<u>1,201</u>	<u>502</u>

Contract liabilities include advance payments, which are primarily related to advanced billings for development services.

Remaining Performance Obligations

Remaining Performance Obligations ("RPO") represents contracted revenue that has not yet been recognized, which includes deferred revenue and amounts that will be invoiced and recognized as revenue in future periods. As of September 30, 2020, the total RPO amounted to \$3.3 million, which the Company expects to recognize during the next 12 months.

NOTE 6 – INVENTORY

Composed as follows:

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
	USD in thousands	
Raw materials and supplies	20	24
Work in progress	864	316
Finished goods	649	560
Provision for impairment	(50)	-
	<u>1,483</u>	<u>900</u>

During the period ended September 30, 2020, impairment of \$50 thousands was occurred.

SCOUTCAM INC.**NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****NOTE 7 – LOSS PER SHARE**

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares as described below.

In computing the Company's diluted loss per share, the numerator used in the basic loss per share computation is adjusted for the dilutive effect, if any, of the Company's potential shares of common stock. The denominator for diluted loss per share is a computation of the weighted-average number of ordinary shares and the potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

The loss per share information in these consolidated financial statements is reflected and calculated as if the Company had existed since January 1, 2019. Accordingly, loss per share for all periods was calculated based on the number of shares retroactively adjusted for the exchange ratio determined in the reverse recapitalization.

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTIES

On May 30, 2019, the Subsidiary entered into an intercompany agreement with Medigus (the "Intercompany Agreement") according to which the Subsidiary agreed to hire and retain certain services from Medigus. The agreed upon services provided under the Intercompany Agreement included: (1) lease of office space and clean room based on actual space utilized by the Subsidiary and in shared spaces according to employee ratio; (2) utilities such as electricity water, IT and communication services based on employee ratio; (3) car services, including car rental, gas usage, payment for toll roads based on 100% of expense incurred from a Subsidiary employee car; (4) external accountant services at a price of USD 6,000 per annum; (5) directors and officers insurance at a sum of 1/3 of Parent company cost; (6) CFO services at a sum of 50% of Parent company CFO employer cost; (7) every direct expense of the Subsidiary that is paid by the Parent company in its entirety subject to approval of such direct expenses in advance; and (8) any other mutual expense that is borne by the parties according to the respective portion of the mutual expense.

On April 20, 2020, the Subsidiary entered into an amended and restated intercompany services agreement with Medigus. The agreed upon services provided under the amended and restated Intercompany Agreement included:

1) lease of office space based on actual space utilized by the Parent Company and in shared spaces according to employee ratio; (2) utilities such as electricity water, IT and communication services based on employee ratio; (3) car services, including car rental, gas usage, payment for toll roads based on 100% of expense incurred from a Subsidiary employee car; (5) directors and officers insurance the Parent Company shall pay \$150,000 of the annual premium.; (6) CFO services at a sum of 50% of Parent company CFO employer cost; (7) every direct expense of the Subsidiary that is paid by the Parent company in its entirety subject to approval of such direct expenses in advance; and (7) any other mutual expense that is borne by the parties according to the respective portion of the mutual expense.

In addition, the Subsidiary's employees provide support services to Medigus.

Balances with related parties:

	<u>September 30, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Parent Company	30	73
Loan from Parent Company (see note 4(d))	-	500

Transactions with related parties:

	<u>Nine months ended September 30,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Revenues	5	-
Cost of revenues	5	-

Interest payments

8

-

NOTE 9 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

As of the date of issuance of these financial statements, 968,733 shares of common stock were issued pursuant to the exercise of Warrants A, which were issued on December 30, 2019.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Readers are advised to review the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations together with our consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this Quarterly Report, including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. See "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements". You should review the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

Overview

ScoutCam Ltd. (the "Subsidiary") was formed in Israel on January 3, 2019, as a wholly owned subsidiary of Medigus Ltd., an Israeli company ("Medigus"), and commenced operations on March 1, 2019. The Subsidiary was incorporated as a part of the reorganization of Medigus, which was designed to distinguish the Subsidiary's miniaturized imaging business, the micro ScoutCam™ portfolio, from Medigus's other operations and to enable Medigus to form a separate business unit with dedicated resources focused on the promotion of such technology (the "Reorganization"). In December 2019, Medigus and the Subsidiary consummated the Amended and Restated Asset Transfer Agreement, which transferred and assigned certain assets and intellectual property rights related to its miniaturized imaging business.

On March 1, 2019, 12 employees moved from Medigus to the Subsidiary.

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, together with the changes in those items in dollars and as a percentage:

	2020	2019	% Change
Revenues	86,000	272,000	(68)%
Cost of Revenues	434,000	440,000	(1)%
Gross Loss	(348,000)	(168,000)	107%
Research and development expenses	514,000	216,000	138%
Sales and marketing expense	302,000	130,000	132%
General and administrative expenses	2,309,000	541,000	327%
Operating Loss	(3,473,000)	(1,055,000)	229%

Revenues

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Subsidiary generated revenues of \$86,000, a decrease of \$186,000 from the nine months ended September 30, 2019 revenues.

The decrease in revenues was primarily due:

- a) the COVID-19 pandemic impact on global markets and the global economy, including countries and industries in which the Company operates;
- b) most of the revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 were derived from sales of miniature camera and related equipment to occasional customers. The Company's management has decided to reduce sales to occasional customers and focus on large projects. Our current business model is that of a B2B approach, in which we seek to identify target businesses interested in integrating our micro ScoutCam™ technology, or commissioning individual projects using our technology.

Currently, we have two major customers that generate most of our current and forecasted revenue in the near term:

- (1) a large international bio-med company that is developing a visualization component for its invasive surgical device.
- (2) a medical device company that specializes in orthopedic surgeries and develops and markets minimally invasive surgical devices.

Remaining Performance Obligations (“RPO”) represents contracted revenue that has not yet been recognized, which includes deferred revenue and amounts that will be invoiced and recognized as revenue in future periods. As of September 30, 2020, the total RPO amounted to \$3.3 million, which the Company expects to recognize during the next 12 months.

Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 were \$434,000, a decrease of \$6,000 compared to cost of revenues of \$440,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in materials as a result of a decrease in revenues, partially offset by an increase in payroll expenses as a result of hiring additional employees.

Gross Loss

Gross loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 was \$348,000, an increase of \$180,000 compared to gross loss of \$168,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, were \$514,000, an increase of \$298,000, or 138%, compared to \$216,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to an increase in payroll expenses and increase in materials and subcontractors. The increase in payroll expenses was as result of an increase in share - based compensation expenses (see note 4 to our interim condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2020) and hiring additional employees. The increase in materials and subcontractors was primarily due to an increase in research and development activities.

Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, were \$302,000, an increase of \$172,000, or 132%, compared to \$130,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to an increase in marketing activities.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and Administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, were \$2,309,000, an increase of \$1,768,000, or 327%, compared to \$541,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to an increase in payroll expenses, as result of an increase in share - based compensation expenses (see note 4 to our interim condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2020) and hiring additional employees and an increase in professional services. The increase in professional services resulted from the incorporation of the Subsidiary as an independent company and in connection with the execution of that certain securities exchange agreement involving the Subsidiary.

Operating loss

We incurred an operating loss of \$3,473,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, an increase of \$2,418,000, or 229%, compared to operating loss of \$1,055,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The increase in operating loss was due to \$180,000 increase in gross loss, \$298,000 increase in research and development expenses, \$172,000 increase in sales and marketing expenses and \$1,768,000 increase in administrative and general expenses.

Liquidity and Capital Resources***Sources of Liquidity***

The Company has financed its operations primarily through Medigus, private placement transactions for the issuance of common stock and warrants, and sales to customers.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth the significant sources and uses of cash for the periods set forth below (in dollars):

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Cash used in Operating Activity	(2,710,000)	(1,280,000)
Cash used in Investing Activity	(249,000)	(46,000)
Cash provided by Financing Activity	2,777,000	1,402,000
Profit from exchange differences on cash equivalents	87,000	-

Operating Activities

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, net cash flows used in operating activities was \$2,710,000, compared to net cash flows used in operating activities of \$1,280,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$1,430,000. The change was mainly due to an increase in net loss which was partially offset by an increase in stock-based compensation.

Investing Activities

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, net cash flows used in investing activities was \$249,000 as compared to \$46,000 for the same period of 2019. The change was due to the purchase of property and equipment during the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Financing Activities

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, net cash flows provided by financing activities was \$2,777,000, compared to net cash flows provided by financing activities of \$1,402,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019.

Net cash provided by financing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2020 consisted of \$2,858,000 in proceeds from the issuance of shares and warrants, and \$81,000 in loan repayments from Medigus. Net cash provided by financing activities in the nine months ended September 30, 2019 was generated from the transfer of funds from Medigus and from sales of assets to Medigus.

Profit from exchange differences on cash equivalents

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Subsidiary generated profit from exchange differences on cash equivalents of \$87,000. This profit represents a change in the Company's cash and cash equivalents as a result of the change in the dollar exchange rate against the NIS during the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, together with the changes in those items in dollars and as a percentage:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Revenues	12,000	128,000	(91)%
Cost of Revenues	153,000	136,000	13%
Gross Loss	(141,000)	(8,000)	1,663%
Research and development expenses	144,000	75,000	92%
Sales and marketing expense	114,000	47,000	143%
General and administrative expenses	629,000	227,000	177%
Operating Loss	(1,028,000)	(357,000)	188%

Revenues

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Subsidiary generated revenues of \$12,000, a decrease of \$116,000 from the three months ended September 30, 2019 revenues.

For reasons for the decrease in revenues see a comparison of nine months.

Cost of Revenues

Cost of revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2020 were \$153,000, an increase of \$17,000 compared to cost of revenues of \$136,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to a decrease in materials as a result of decrease in revenues, partially offset by an increase in payroll expenses as a result of hiring additional employees.

Gross Loss

Gross loss for the three months ended September 30, 2020 was \$141,000, an increase of \$133,000 compared to gross loss of \$8,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019.

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2020, were \$144,000, an increase of \$69,000, or 92%, compared to \$75,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to an increase in payroll expenses and increase in materials and subcontractors. The increase in payroll expenses was as result of an increase in share - based compensation expenses (see note 4 to our interim condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2020) and hiring additional employees. The increase in materials and subcontractors was primarily due to an increase in research and development activities.

Sales and Marketing Expenses

Sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2020, were \$114,000, an increase of \$67,000, or 143%, compared to \$47,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to an increase in marketing activities.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and Administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2020, were \$629,000, an increase of \$402,000, or 177%, compared to \$227,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to an increase in payroll expenses, as a result of an increase in share - based compensation expenses (see note 4 to our interim condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2020) and hiring additional employees and an increase in professional services. The increase in professional services resulted from the incorporation of the Subsidiary as an independent company and in connection with the execution of that certain securities exchange agreement involving the Subsidiary.

Operating loss

We incurred an operating loss of \$1,028,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, an increase of \$671,000, or 188%, compared to operating loss of \$357,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The increase in operating loss was due to \$133,000 increase in gross loss, \$69,000 increase in research and development expenses, \$67,000 increase in sales and marketing expenses and \$402,000 increase in administrative and general expenses.

Liquidity and Capital Resources**Sources of Liquidity**

The Company has financed its operations primarily through Medigus, private placement transactions for the issuance of common stock and warrants, and sales to customers.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth the significant sources and uses of cash for the periods set forth below (in dollars):

	2020	2019
Cash used in Operating Activity	(433,000)	(381,000)
Cash used in Investing Activity	(28,000)	(46,000)
Cash provided by Financing Activity	-	421,000
Profit from exchange differences on cash equivalents	3,000	-

Operating Activities

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, net cash flows used in operating activities was \$433,000, compared to net cash flows used in operating activities of \$381,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019, an increase of \$52,000. The change was mainly due to an increase in net loss, which was partially offset by an increase in stock-based compensation and increase in contract liabilities.

Investing Activities

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, net cash flows used in investing activities was \$28,000 as compared to \$46,000 for the same period of 2019.

Financing Activities

For the three months ended September 30, 2019, net cash flows provided by financing activities was \$421,000.

Net cash provided by financing activities in the three months ended September 30, 2019 was generated from the transfer of funds from Medigus and sale of assets to Medigus.

Loss from exchange differences on cash equivalents

During the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Subsidiary generated loss from exchange differences on cash equivalents of \$3,000. This loss represents a change in the Company's cash and cash equivalents as a result of the change in the dollar exchange rate against the NIS during the three months ended September 30, 2020.

Future Funding Requirements

The Company believes that it will require additional financing in order to provide the capital it needs to achieve its growth targets.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Subsidiary leases its headquarters in Omer, Israel, with a total of approximately 807 gross square meters. In January 2020, ScoutCam extended the agreement through the end of 2020. The rental payments are linked to the Israeli CPI.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

As a smaller reporting company, we are not required to provide the information requested by this Item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.*Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures*

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2020. The term “disclosure controls and procedures,” as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company’s management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. As a result of the material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting described below, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective at the reasonable assurance level as of September 30, 2020.

In connection with the audit of our 2019 annual consolidated financial statements, we identified a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting related to the complexities involving the accounting for our reverse recapitalization transaction. The cause of this material weakness was due to the complex accounting related to the reverse recapitalization transaction, which required additional qualified accounting personnel with an appropriate level of experience, and additional controls in the period-end financial reporting process commensurate with the complexity of the matter. A material weakness is defined as a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. The material weakness did not result in any identified misstatements to the financial statements, and there were no changes to previously released financial results. In light of the material weakness, we performed additional analyses and other post-closing procedures and hired an additional accounting personnel to ensure our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, our CEO and CFO have certified that, based on their knowledge, the consolidated financial statements, and other financial information included in this Form 10-Q, fairly present in all material respects our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows as of, and for, the periods presented in this Form 10-Q.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risks that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Remediation Efforts to Address Material Weakness

We began remediation efforts in the second quarter of 2020 for our accounting of non-routine complex transactions control by hiring additional personnel for our finance team. We continue to evaluate our internal and external technical accounting resources to ensure they are appropriate for us and our needs. Additionally, there is a renewed emphasis on our process going forward for initial identification of potential contracts and transactions that may be non-routine and complex during a reporting period, and then conducting the necessary procedures with the full internal accounting team and external consultants to review and research the proper guidance and approach toward the accounting, and documenting as such in a white paper or memo as needed.

We believe these measures, and others that may be implemented, will remediate the material weakness in internal control over financial reporting described above.

The material weakness will not be considered formally remediated until the control has operated effectively for a sufficient period of time, and after management has concluded, through testing, that the control is operating effectively.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Other than the changes intended to remediate the material weakness noted above, there was no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2020 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II- OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Not applicable.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

Our business faces many risks, a number of which are described under the caption “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 (the “2019 Annual Report”). Other than as set forth below, there have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our 2019 Annual Report. The risks described in the 2019 Annual Report and below may not be the only risks we face. Other risks of which we are not yet aware, or that we currently believe are not material, may also materially and adversely impact our business operations or financial results. If any of the events or circumstances described in the risk factors contained in the 2019 Annual Report or described below occurs, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely impacted and the value of an investment in our securities could decline. Investors and prospective investors should consider the risks described in the 2019 Annual Report and below, and the information contained under the caption “Forward-Looking Statements” and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q before deciding whether to invest in our securities.

The COVID-19 pandemic has adversely affected our business and operations, and the continued outbreak of the pandemic may cause further material and adverse harm to our business and operations.

The outbreak of COVID-19, which originated in China in late 2019, has since spread to multiple countries, including the United States and Israel. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak a pandemic. While COVID-19 is still spreading and the final implications of the pandemic are difficult to estimate at this stage, it is clear that it has affected the lives of a large portion of the global population. As of September 30, 2020, the pandemic has caused repeated states of emergency to be declared in various countries, ongoing and extended travel restrictions have been imposed for several months, strict quarantine rules have been established and maintained for an extended period of time in a plethora of jurisdictions and various institutions and companies have been closed and rendered bankrupt. We are actively monitoring the pandemic and we are taking necessary measures to respond to the situation in cooperation with the various stakeholders.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

(a) The following documents are filed as exhibits to this Quarterly Report or incorporated by reference herein.

Exhibit Number	Description
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.INS	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
*	Filed herewith.
**	Furnished herewith.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 12, 2020

SCOUTCAM INC.By: /s/ Yaron Silberman

Name: Yaron Silberman

Title: Chief Executive Officer
ScoutCam Inc.By: /s/ Tanya Yosef

Name: Tanya Yosef

Title: Chief Financial Officer
ScoutCam Inc.